gallons of water from the Karwan tank into the Upper Lake. The State Government are also reported to have added 115 tubewells with handpumps to serve the drinking water needs of the residents of Bhopal city.

(c) and (d) The Govt. of Madhya Pradesh have been sanctioned in February, 1987 an amount of Rs. 6.66 crores (Rs. 1.35 crores for urban sector and Rs. 5.31 crores for rural sector) for drinking water during 1986-87 and 1987-88 (upto 30.6.87).

Brackish Water fishing

*99. SHRI CHITTA BASU: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have any comprehensive scheme to improve the Brackish Water Fishing in Pambon areas of Rameshwaram island; and

(b) if so, the details of the scheme and the stage of its implementation?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI G. S. DHILLON): (a) Under the Drought Prone Area Programme, the Tamil Nadu Government have sanctioned a scheme to improve Brackish Water Fish Farming in the Pambon area of Rameshwaram island.

(b) The scheme, sanctioned in 1985, envisages the development of 10 hectares of brackish water fish farm at an estimated cost of Rs. 13.50 lakhs. The civil works for the scheme are yet to begin because of the delay in the transfer of the land from the Revenue to the Fisheries Department of the State Government.

Labour welfare projects in Rourkela Steel city

*100. SHRI BASUDEB MOHAPATRA: Will the Minister of STEEL AND MINES be pleased to state:

(a) what is the number of labour welfare projects undertaken during the last three years in Rourkela Steel city;

(b) what is the amount spent thereon; and

(c) what is the number of labourers benefited directly and indirectly by the project?

THE MINISTER OF STEEL AND MINES (SHRI M. L. FOTEDAR): (a) Rourkela Steel Plant has a number of on-going labour welfare projects in various sectors like housing, medical aid, education, cooperative societies and community centres. These have been successfully operated during the last three years.

(b) The total expenditure incurred on the already initiated and on-going welfare schemes during the last three years is as under:—

(Rs. in crores)

Year	Total Expenditure (Approximately)
1984-85	24.48
1985-86	28.00
1986-87 (provisional)	62.10

(c) Almost all the employees numbering approximately 38650 and their entitled dependents have been availing themselves of these welfare amenities in some form or the other.

नर्मदा प्राधिकरण की स्थापना

664. **श्री मीर्जा इर्शाद बेग** : क्या **जल संसाधन** मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) नर्मदा प्राधिकरण की स्थापना संबंधी ब्यौरा क्या है ;

(ख) यह कब तक कार्यान्वित हो जाएगा तथा इस प्राधिकरण का स्वरूप क्या होगा ; और

(ग) नर्मदा प्राधिकरण की वित्तीय आवश्यकताओं को पूरा करने वाले स्रोतों का ब्यौरा क्या है और इसके कब तक पूरा हो जाने की संभावना है ?

जल संसाधन मंत्री (श्री बी० शंकरानन्द): (क) से (ग) नर्मदा नियंत्रण प्राधिकरण को अपने पूर्व कार्यों के अतिरिक्त अन्य बातों के साथ-साथ पर्यावरणिक रक्षोपायों तथा विस्थापितों के पुनर्वास कार्यों के निरीक्षण तथा व्यवस्था करने की शक्तियों के साथ 3 जून, 1987 को पुनर्गठित किया गया है। परियोजनाओं का वित्त पोषण संबंधित राज्यों द्वारा अपने योजनागत संसाधनों में से किया जाता है तथा निर्माण की प्रगति वार्षिक योजनाओं में किए गए प्रावधानों पर निर्भर करेगी।

Sponsorship of fertilizers by IFFCO

665. SHRI TALARI MANOHAR: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that IFFCO has emerged as the sponsor of one of the largest field programmes in the entire fertilizer industry of the country;

(b) if so, what are the details of the programme and the amount being spent thereon;

(c) whether the IFFCO has developed any model villages in Andhra Pradesh; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF FERTILIZERS IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI R. PRABHU): (a) and (b) IFFCO, as the largest fertiliser co-operative in India, has sponsored a large number of field programmes in different States. These programmes aim at helping farmers in increasing their agricultural production and socio-economic conditions. Some of the major programmes are field demonstrations, village adoption, soil testing services, training of farmers, more efficient use of fertilisers, institution of academic chairs etc.

During 1985-86, an amount of Rs. 136.00 lakhs was spent on farmer related activities; and this does not include salary and administrative expenses.

(c) and (d) Yes, Sir. IFFCO has adopted the following 28 villages in Andhra Pradesh:

S.No.	Name of Village	District
1	Nethapur	Nalgonda
2	Elakurru	Krishna
3	Achuthapuram	E. Godavari
4	Turugavanipalam	Guntur
5	Kethagudem	Nalgonda
6	Peoderkur	Khammam
7	Kolagtla	Nellore
8	Bawaspur	Nizemabad
9	Dubbapalli	Karimnagar
10	Rudravanam	Kurnool
11	Bhupalepatnam	Karimnagar
12	Chandrampalli	Nizamabad